

10th APEC-Tsukuba International Conference: Innovation of Mathematics Education through Lesson Study Challenges to Energy Efficiency on STEM and Cross-Border Education

Toward Enhancing Energy Efficiency in the APEC Region

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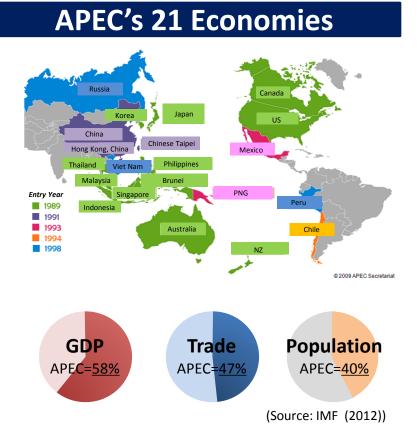
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1. Overview of APEC (1)

- Established in 1989 to support sustainable economic growth and prosperity in the Asia-Pacific region
- Three pillars: (1) trade and investment liberalization; (2) business facilitation; (3) economic and technological cooperation



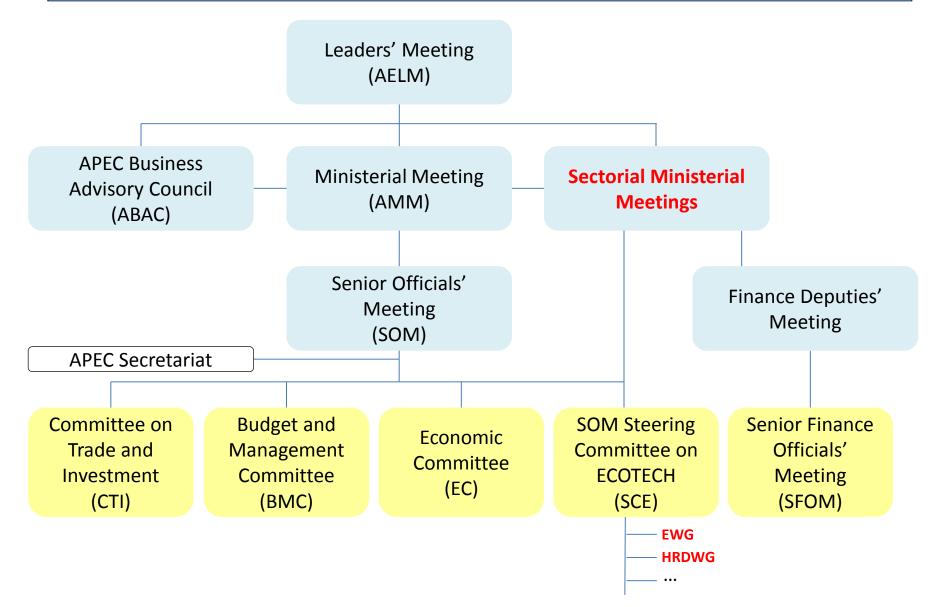
APEC Chairs		
(2010	Japan)	
2016	Peru	
2017	Viet Nam	
2018	PNG	
2019	Chile	
2020	Malaysia	

2016 APEC Priorities

- 1. Advancing **Regional Economic** Integration and **Quality Growth**
- 2. Enhancing the Regional Food Market
- 3. Towards the Modernization of **MSMEs** in the Asia Pacific
- 4. Developing Human Capital



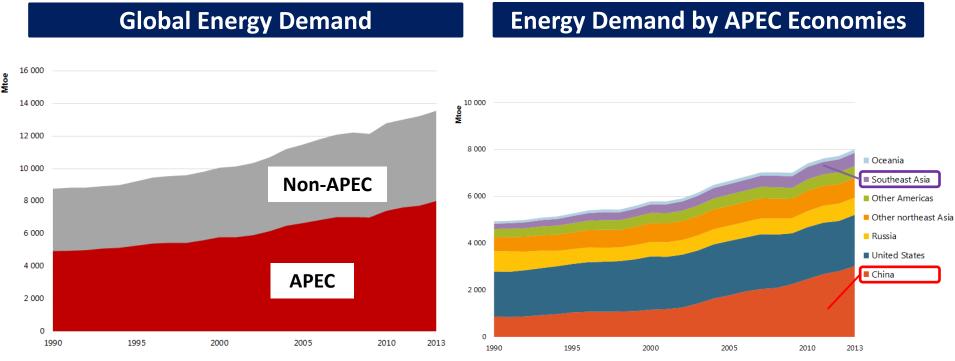
1. Overview of APEC (2)





2. Global Energy Trend

- APEC represents around 60% of the world's primary energy demand
- In developing economies such as China and Southeast Asia, energy demand has more than doubled since 1990



(Source: IEA Energy Balance (2015))



3. APEC Energy Ministerial Meeting (EMM)

- The 1st APEC Energy Ministerial Meeting (EMM) was held in Sydney in 1996 to discuss how energy security, economic growth and environment conservation should be achieved simultaneously
- The EMM is held every couple of years

12th EMM

- Cebu, the Philippines
- October 13, 2015



- Key message about energy efficiency
- The future economic growth of the APEC region will be supported by an appropriate mix of energy resources and power generation technologies that includes both conventional and renewable energy with increasing priority for clean energy sources and enhanced energy efficiency
- Ministers encouraged Members to promote energy supply diversity and energy efficiency

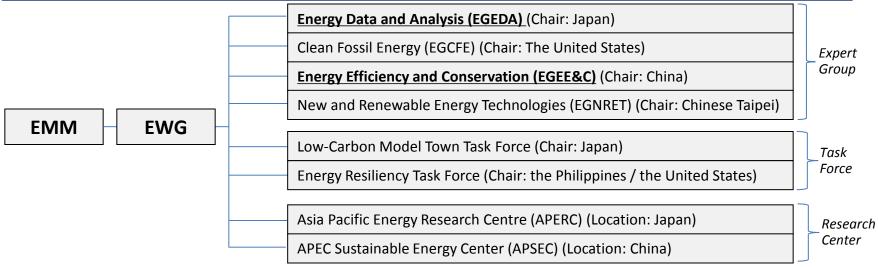


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4. APEC Energy Working Group (EWG)

- Energy Working Group (EWG) was launched in 1990
- Chaired by Dr. Phyllis Yoshida, the United States
- EWG's mission under Strategic Plan for 2014-2018
- ① Strengthening regional and domestic energy security and resilience across the region
- **(2)** Lowering the carbon intensity of energy supply and use
- ③ Promoting the diversification of fuels and sources
- ④ Training a gender-inclusive energy workforce

EWG Structure

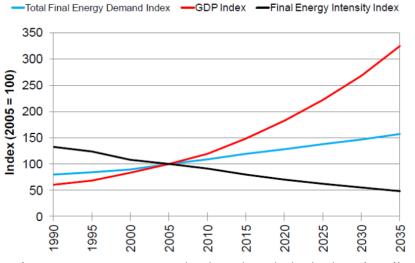




5. Promote Energy Efficiency

- APEC's energy efficiency goal: Reduce APEC's aggregate energy intensity by 45% from 2005 levels
- by 2035, as set out in the 2011 APEC Economic Leaders' Declaration
 Japan launched APEC Peer Review on Energy Efficiency (PREE): Voluntary peer review mechanism, to assist APEC economies in developing or implementing policies on energy efficiency

Change in APEC's Energy Intensity



(Source: APEC Energy Demand and Supply Outlook 5th Edition (2013))

PREE's Key Objectives

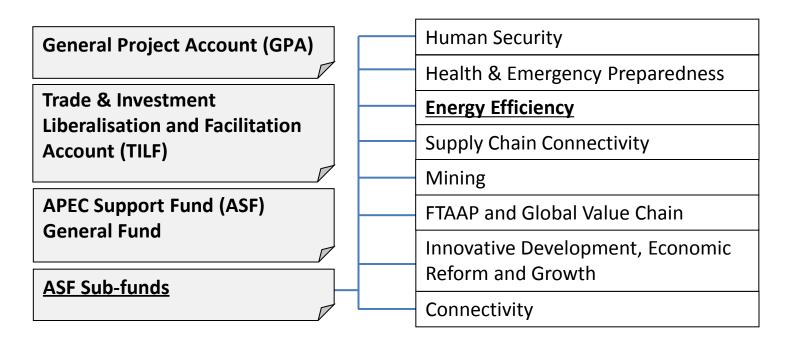
- Share information on energy efficiency performances and policies
- Provide opportunities for learning from other APEC member economies' experiences
- Explore how energy efficiency goals could be effectively formulated
- Provide **recommendations**



6. APEC Energy Efficiency Sub-Fund

- APEC Support Fund (Sub-Fund for Energy Efficiency and Low-Carbon Measure) to contribute to the promotion of energy efficiency activities and low-carbon measures
- Japan has provided cumulative contribution of USD 16.7 million to the fund since 2009

APEC Project Funding Sources





7. Conclusions

- APEC region is at the center of global energy demand
- Through the EMM and the EWG, APEC economies have discussed energy security issues including energy efficiency since 1996
- It is vital to enlighten the younger generation about the importance of energy through elementary and secondary education
- Japan will keep contributions of energy efficiency activities in the APEC region



Thank you for your attention!